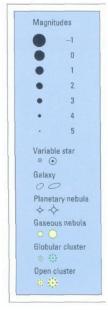
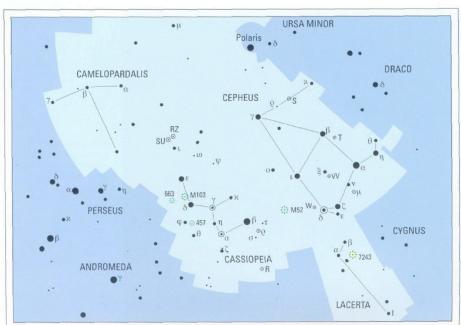
Cassiopeia





Cassiopeia (गे.के.यॅ.चे.प्प) के.क्र्यःळ्यावेग्येव। दे.पे. ५च्चैनसःकेष्येने "w" द्व.यॅद्रा दे.प.५केग्यायययःकु.५८ वेद.चे५.५म्यायःदेःक्र्यःकित्वर्यःवे.व्य.यं.वे.व्य.यं.वे.व्य.यं.वे. व्यायःक्र्यंवरःययः "w" ५व.६ग्र.च्यायःयःय्यस्ट.के.स्या

ষ্ণ্ৰ-ক্ৰিঅ' (Cassiopeia) অ'ল্কি'ৰ্ন্,শ্ল্ব-অ'ল্কুঅ'ৰ্ফি'্ন'ন্-কিনি' ল্মঅ'লে'ন্ব' 2.5 অম'অম'নিশ্

କ୍ଷ୍ୟୁ (milky way) ଜ୍ୟି ସ୍ୟୁ କୁ ସ୍କୁ (Cassiopeia) ଶୁଶ୍ୟ କୃଦ୍ୟୁ ସ୍ୟୁ ସ୍କୁ ସ୍ୟୁ ସ୍ଥିୟ (Cassiopeia)

Cassiopeia is a constellation which has more or less the shape of a flat letter "W". It is specially interesting because one of its stars is variable, so that the "W" does not always appear clearly.

The three main stars of Cassiopeia are all of magnitude around 2.5.

- Shedir (a), 120 lightyears away and 190 times as bright as the sun
- The two others are just called β- and γ-Cassiopeia.

A little bit besides the "W", there is a star (called ρ -Cassiopeia), which is huge (130000 times as bright as our sun) but so far away (4800 light-years), that it appears very small and dim to our eyes. If it were as near as our sun, we could not survive and our Earth would be destroyed within a short time.

The Milky Way crosses the sky just behind Cassiopeia.